# GENERAL AGREEMENT ON TARIFFS AND TRADE

RESTRICTED

COM.III/7/Add.7 25 September 1959

Limited Distribution

Committee III - Expansion of Trade

#### DOCUMENTATION FOR COMMODITY STUDIES

Note by the Secretariat

Attached for the information of the Committee is another of the schedules referred to in document COM.III/7.

#### OILSEEDS AND VEGET BLE OILS

			E E C		
8 .80 ×		Germany	France	Italy	Benelux
Tariffs	(1) EEC countries and AOT's  (2) Third countries	Oilseeds: Free or 13.5% Olive oil: 7% Oils obtained from bancoul and bobko nuts, cashew nut husks, tung, castor and oiticica etc: Free. Linseed oil: 5 or 10.5% Other fixed vegetable oils: 4.5 or 9% Oilseeds: Free or 13.5% Olive oil: 7% Oils obtained from bancoul and bobko nuts, cashew nut husks, tung, castor and oiticica, etc: Free. Linseed oil: 8(c6) or 14(c12)% Other fixed vegetable oils: 5 or 10%	Linseed: Free or 7.2%— Soya beans: Suspended Cotton seed: " Groundnut: " Rapeseed: " Sesamo: " Castor seed: 7.2% Copra: 9% Coconut: 5.4% Pālm kernel: 9% Olive: 7% Other oilseeds: Suspended Linseed oil: " Soya oil: 16.2%	See L/805/Add.7	Linseed, rapeseed, castor seed, dessicated coconuts: Free Soyabeans, groundnuts (not shelled and shelled) sesame seed, copra, palm kernel: Free (GATT) Oiives: 12% Other oilseeds: Free (ex GATT - hemp seed) Linseed oil, rapeseed oil, sesame oil: (Crude - 5%
	I January 1960. (3) Olive oil; for food facto liberalization as (4) Cotton seed oil; becaut oil; coconut oil etc; palm kernel oil, proil, safflower oil, soy:	echnut, maize and poppy seed oils , linseed oil, olive oil in casks	Other vegetable oils: Suspended  Copra and palm kernel: liberalized (all countries) Linseed; coconut or copra oil; palm kernel oil: libera- lized.  Linseed oil, soya bean, groundnut, castor seed, castor seed oil: qlobal quota. Soya oil, cotton seed, cotton seed oil, groundnut oil, rapeseed, rapeseed oil, sesame, sesame oil, coconut, palm oil, olive, olive oil, other oilseeds, other vegetable oils: Quota.	<ul> <li>Castor seed, coconut, olives and palm kernels:         Quantitative restrictions (dollar area)     </li> <li>(3) Imports of any linseeds intended for the production of edible oils are conditional on the purchase of certain quantities of oil from government stocks.</li> <li>(4) Vegetable oils: Quantitative restrictions on imports from dollar area and cetain specified countries imports from other countries are liberalized. Imports of vegetable oils for human consumption are conditional on the purchase of oil from government stocks.</li> </ul>	Belgium: (1) Oilseeds: Mone (Benelux) (2) Oil cakes, etc: Restricted (3) Other oils: Restricted Netherlands:  For castor oil other than crude a global Benelux quota of 300 tons per year has been established. For crude castor oil a Benelux quota, for India and non-OEEC countries, of 200 tons per year has been established. In addition to these quotas import licences are issued in case: (a) imports are compensated by exports, also in case the country of origin is changed; (b) of brake fluid with a castor oil base.
Revenue and Internal Fiscal Charges			<u>Vegetable oils:</u> Turnover tax - 20%	Internal processing tax on oilseed crushing	Netherlands: None

	E E C						
	Germany (cont'd)	France (cont <sup>1</sup> d)	taly (cont'd)	Benelux (cont'd)			
State Trading and Monopolies	<u>None</u>	SIOFA for edible fluid oleaginous products.  SILIN for edible fluid, oleaginous products and linseed.  (See L/784/Add.1, p.25)	<u>None</u>	<u>None</u>			
Others	Oilseed crushers are required to purchase a certain proportion of rapeseed in relation to their purchases of oilseeds.	(1) For oilseeds maximum and minimum prices are established and the Government is obliged to intervene when prices fall outside these limits.  (2) Groundnuts are bought by a centralized purchasing agency (SIOFA), which takes no supplies from third countries until all the availabilities of French overseas territories have first been absorbed. At present the guaranteed market at fixed prices for groundnuts originating in overseas territories is 300,000 tons oil equivalent.  (3) Present market organization, which will remain in existence until 31 December 1959, guarantees a market for approximately 100,000 tons of olive oil originating in franc zone (principally Tunisia and Algeria).	Olive oil: Market intervention in the form of voluntary pooling arrangements, designed to regulate the market, is carried out by the National Federation of Agricultural Associations.	Netherlands: None			

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## Switzerland - Tariffs

Linseed oil:	Existing tariff;	Fr.1	pe r	100 kg	s. (	inci	dence:	0.8%)	
	or	Frs.15	11	n	(		n	6.2%)	
				11				0.8%)	
Oil fruit:	Existing tariff;	Fr.0.1	14	n	(		n	0.1%)	
	New tariff;	Fr.0.1	-	Frs.20	per '	100	kgs. (	incidence (	136)
Castor oil:	Existing tariff;								1.5% or 4%)
	New tariff;	Fr.1	per	100 kg	s. (	inci	dence:	0.5%)	
	(GATT) bound to	Italy (	the	binding	g wil	11 18	apse u	ipon entry	into force
	of New Tariff)								
Olive oil:	Existing tariff;								
	New tariff;	Frs.10	or	Frs.15	U	H	u	( "	2.8 or 4-5%)
	(Be	ound und	der	GATT)					
Groundnut oil:	Existing tariff;	Frs.10	ре	r 100 kg	gs. (	inc	idence	5.1%)	
	New tariff;	Frs.10	or	Frs. 15	per	100	kgs.	(incidence:	: 5.1 or 7%)
Other oils:	Existing tariff;	Frs.10	-	Frs.40	11	11		( "	5.6% - 18%
	New tariff;	Frs.10	-	Frs.30	11	11		( "	5% <b>-</b> 10%)

## OILSEEDS AND VEGETABLE OILS

	United States	United Kingdom		Canada	Switzerland
Tariffs		Cotton seed, rapeseed, tung nuts:  Sesamum seed, soya beans:  Cas¹J., seed:  Other seeds:  Oiticica oil, stillingia oil, tung oil:  Castor oil:  Coconut oil, groundnut oil, lin— seed oil, rape oil, sesamum oil, soya bean oil, sunflower seed oil, safflower oil:  Other fixed vedetable oils:    Free   12½	Free II	### British   MFN   General   ### General	
Quantitative Restrictions	Peanuts (shelled basis): Imports are limited to an aggregate quantity of 1,709,000 pounds during 12 month beginning 1 August (Agricultural Adjustment Act).  Peanut oil: Peanut oil entered during 12 months period beginning 1 July in excess of 80 million pounds will be subject to an import fee of 25% ad val.  (Agricultural Adjustment Act).  Tung oil: Imports are subject to an overall import quota of 26 million pounds in any 12-month period beginning 1 November for 3-year period 1957-59 (Agricultural Adjustment Act)				Oil fruits: not restricted  Linseed oil: " "  Castor oil: " "  Olive off: non-restrictive  Groundnut oil:" "  Other: " "
Revenue and Internal Fisca Charges	Sunflower oil, imported: Excise tax of c.2.25 per lb.  Rapesed oil, imported: " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "				Price supplement  Oil fruits: Frs.6.85 - 10/100 kgs.  Olive oil: Frs.10/100 kgs.  Groundnut oil:  Other: Frs.7.8 - 10/100 kgs.

	United States (cont <sup>r</sup> d)	United Kingdom (cont <sup>1</sup> d)	Canada (cont <sup>1</sup> d)	Switzerland (cont <sup>1</sup> d)
State Trading and Monopolies	<u>None</u>	<u>None</u>	<u>None</u>	Oil fruits, olive oil, groundnut oil, other edible vegetable oils and fats (except castor oil and linseed oil): Import operations are conducted by the "Goopérative suisse des céréales et matières fourragères", public body. There is no discrimination as between sources of supply.
Other	Flaxseed: Price is supported by Government. The announced price support for 1959-60 is \$2.38 per bushel. Linseed oil: Small quantities have been exported under Title   of PL 480.  Soya beans: The announced price support for 1959-60 is \$1.85 per bushel.  Soyabean oil: Eligible for export under Title   of PL 460.  Cotton seed: The announced price support for 1959-60 is \$34 per short ton. There is a national annual allotment on the acreage planted to cotton, which indirectly limits cotton seed production.  Cotton seed oil: Eligible for export under Title   of PL 460.  Peanut: Subject to mandatory price support (c.9.7 per lb. for 1959-60 crop) and annual national acreage quota.  Tung oil: Subject to mandatory price support (between 60 and 90% of parity). CCC recently began selling tung oil at world price for export.			Rapeseed: The Federal Council fixes guaranteed prices.  Colza: In order to keep a minimum amount of land available for periods when national supplies might be in difficulty, and also to encourage crop cultivation, the Federal Council fixed each year the acreage to be put under colza. The Confederation guarantees prices and disposal to the producers. The price is fixed by the Federal Council. The Confederation pays any difference between the cost of taking over, delivering and processing colza, and receipts from sales of colza products.

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## OILSEEDS AND VEGETABLE OILS

=	Sweden	Norway	Japan	Australja
Tariffs  Quantitative Restrictions	Oilsceds and oleaginous fruit and their flour and meals: Free Fixed vegetable oils: Linseed oil; Kr.7-9 per 100 kgs. (about 5%) Other; Free For vegetable oils (except castor oil, tung oil, oiticica oil and croton oil) there is a variable import fee, at present Kr.31.5 per 100 kgs. (about 20-25%) (GATT) Castor Oil: Free  No import licences are required (see MGT(59)97)	Mustard seed: Kr.0.5 per kg.  Other oilseeds: Free (GATT) Groundnuts: Kr.3 per kg. Soya beans: Free Copra: " Linseed: " Sesamum seed: " Palm kernels: " Sunflower seed: " Olive oil: Kr.0.3 per kg. (GATT) Other vegetable oils: Kr.2.3 per kg.  (1) Oilseeds and oleaginous fruits: Net restricted (2) Linseed oil, soya bean oil, cotton seed oil, sesame oil, coconut oil, palm kernel oil and certain other oils: Restricted Note: Changes in import regulation are under consideration	Bay leaf oil, bergamot dl, cananga oil, cassia oil, cedar oil, cinamon—leaf oil, citronella oil, clove oil, eucalyptus oil, fennel oil, ginger grass oil, lemon oil, orange oil, palmarosa oil, petit grain oil, rosemary oil, rosewood oil, sandalwood oil, star—anise oil, thyme oil, ylang—ylang oil, olive oil: Free Geranium oil, lavender oil, lemon grass oil, patchouli oil, vetiner oil: 10% Linseed oil, castor oil, coconut oil, palm oil, cotton seed oil: 10% Groundnut oil, soya bean oil: 20% Other: Free — 20% (GATT) 5%, 10%, 15%  (1) Soya bean cake: Restricted (2) Gilseeds, linseed, cotton seed, castor seed, kapok seed, soyabeans, other oilseeds, nuts and kernels: Not restricted (3) Rapeseed: Exchange allocation procedure, on the global quota basis.	British   Pref.   MFN   General   General
Revenue and Internal Fiscal Charges	Regulation fees on vegetable oils, except linseed oil, castor oil, tung oil, oiticica oil, croton oil:  Kr.44.5 per 100 kgs.  The revenue in 1958-59 was calculated to Kr.40 million.	<u>None</u>	<u>Non</u>	Coconut oil, palm oil, castor oil, olive oil: Restricted (import replacement) Other vegetable oils: Restricted (Category B).
State Trading and Monopolies	None	<u>None</u>	<u>None</u>	<u>None</u>
Others	For oilseeds the Marketing Association has taken anecial steps to organize further the market and to supplement the system of protection through import levies.	<u>Nore</u>	Rapeseeds: The Government spending for the purchase of rapeseeds amount to Yen2,297 million in the fiscal year 1957/58.	

	New Zealand	Denmark	Fin]and	Austria	
Tariffs	See table on page 11	Oilseads and oleaginous fruit, whole or broken: Free (ex GATT) Flour or meals of oilseads or oleaginous fruit, non- defatted: Free Coconut oil, imported by margarine producers: Free Olive oil, castor oil and wood oil: Free (ex GATT) Linsead oil, refined or purified: 7½% Other vegetable oils: 5%	See table on page 12	Linseed oil, castor oil, tung oil, olive oil: Pumpkin oil: Soya oil, cotton seed oil, palm oil, palm kernel oil, peanut oil, coconut oil: Pure olive oil: Other fixed vegetable oils: (1) Unfit for immediate human consumption, etc; Fr (2) Other;	12% 70/100 kgs.
Quantitative Restrictions	<pre>seed oil (2), groundnuts (in retail packages), groundnut oil (2), rapeseed oil (2), sesame oil (2), castor oil (2) coconut, desicated (in retail packages), coconut oil (2), palm oil (2), palm kernel oil (2), olive oil (2), other</pre>	other oilsceds, oiticica oil, castof seed: None Linseed oil, soya bean oil, cotton seed oil, groundnut oil, rapeseed, rapeseed oil, sesame oil, castor oil, coconut oil, palm oil, palm kernel oil, olive oil, other vegetable oils: Restricted	Copra, groundnut, castor oil, coconut oil, palm oil, palm kernel oil, olive oil: None Linseed, soya bean, cotton seed, groundnut, rapeseed, sesame seed, castor seed, palm kernel, other oilseeds, flour or meal of oilseeds, linseed oil, soya bean oil, cotton seed oil, rapeseed oil, sesame oil: Restricted		
Revenue and Internal Fiscal Charges	None	Raw material tax: Groundnuts in shell = 75% of the dutiable value.  Groundnuts, shelled = 75% of the dutiable value plus Kr.5/kg.  Copra = 75% of the dutiable value + Kr.5/kg.  Desicated coconuts = 75% of the dutiable value.	Internal tax: (Vegetable oils, raw ( " " rafinad.		
State Trading and Monopolies	<u>None</u>	<u>None</u>	<u>None</u>	<u>None</u>	
Others	None	None			

#### New Zealand - Tariffs

	British		
	<u>Preferential</u>	MFI!	General
Linseed:	3%		3%
Linseed oil: (1)	3%		6d.* per gallon
			(6.5%)
. (2)	20%**		45%*
Soya beans:	20sd./cental (1.4%)	20s. —d. (GATT) (3%)	20sd.*
Soya bean oil: (1)	Free	Free	Free
		(GATT = 3%)	
(2)	20%**	-1	20%*
Cotton seed:	3%	3% (GATT)	3%
Cotton seed oil: (1)	Free	Free	Free
1-1	Sec. 11 199	(GATP = 3%)	
(2)	20%**		20%*
Groundnut:	3%	3% (GATT)	3%
Groundnut oil: (1)	Free	Free	Free
4-1	200.0	(GATT = 3%)	
(2)	20% **	-	20%* 3%
Rapeseed:	3%	 C mo n	Free
Rapeseed oil: (1)	Free	Free (GATT= 3%)	1166
(2)	20%**	(UAII= Jp)	20%*
(2)	3%	-	3%
Sesame seed:	Free	Free	F ree
Sesame oil: (1)	1100	(GATT = 3%)	1100
(2)	20%**	(uni) = up)	20%*
Castor seed:	3%		3%
Castor oil: (1)	Free	Free	Free
043 (01 011: (1)	1100	(GAT7 = 3%)	1100
(2)	20%**	_	20%*
Copra	3%	3% (GATT)	3%
Coconut, desicated:	3%	_	3%
Coconut oil: (1)	3₺	3%	3%
(2)	20%**	=	20%*
Palm kernel:	3%	3% (GATT)	3%
Palm oil: (1)	Free	Free	Free
		(GATF = 3%)	
(2)	205**	-	20%*
Palm kernel oil: (1)	Free	Free	Free
		(GATF = 3%)	
(2)	20%**	-4	20%*
Olive oil: (1)	Free	Free	Free
		(GATT = 3%)	
(2)	20%	20% (GATT)	20%*
Other oilseeds:	3 <i>E</i>	-	3%
Other vegetable oils: (1)	Free	Free	Free
. ~		(GATF = 3%)	
(2)	20%**	-	20%*

# Note:

Plus surtax of 9/40 of the amount of duty.

Plus surtax of 9/40 of the amount of duty on imports from Canada, Pakistan, South Africa, India and Ireland.

<sup>(1)</sup> In vessels containing one gallon or more.

<sup>(2)</sup> In vessels containing lass than one gallon.

#### Finland - Tariffs

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Free
Linseed:
Linseed oil: 10:-(103.0%) or 16:50 (11.6%) (GATT: 12:-)
Soyabeans:
                Free (8.0%) (GATT)
Soyabean oil: 10:-, 17:50, 31:-, 97:- (6.15); or 10:-, 17:50, 31:-, 108:- (97.18)
Peanuts:
                32:- (48.5%)
                10:-, 17:50, 31:-, 97:- (6.1%); or 10:-, 17:50, 31:-, 108:- (7.8%)
Peanut oil:
                45:- (73.7%)
Copra:
Coconuts:
                150:- (64.6%) (GATT)
Coconut oil: 10:-, 17:50, 31:-, 97:- (6.1%); 10:-, 17:50, 31:-, 108:- (97.1%)
Palm oil: 10:-, 17:50, 31:-, 97:- (42.2%); or 10:-, 17:50, 31:-, 108:- (10.3%)
Palm kernel oil 10:-, 17:50, 31:-, 97:- (104.1%); or 10:-, 17:50, 31:-, 108:- (10.5%)
               62:- (27.3%) or 83:- (18.8%)
Olives:
Olive oil:
               108:-(28.1\%); 10:-, 17:50, 31:-, 97:-(28.9\%) or 10:-, 17:50, 31:-, 108:-
               (22.17)
Other oilseeds: 166:- (42.2%) (GATT) or 15:- (20%)
Other vegetable
          oils: 102-, 17:50, 31:-, 97:- (25.1%); 10:-, 17:50, 31:-, 108:- (34.6%, 74.5%)
                or 94.4%)
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## OLLSEEDS AND VEGETABLE OILS

	Rhodesia and Nyasaland	Ghana	South Africa	Brazil
Tariffs	<u>Linseed oil:</u> 30% 20% 20% 10%	Palm oil, palm kernel oil and coconut oil: Exempt Edible oils: Exempt Seeds: Exempt	Inter-   Minimum   mediate   Maximum   Lemon and orange oils:   Free   Free   Free   plus a suspended duty of 25%   25	Oilseeds and oleaginous fruits: 20-80% Flour of oilseeds and of oleaginous fruit: 50% Fixed fats and oils of vegetable origin, crude 20-100%
Quantitative Restrictions	Linseed oil: None Groundnuts: Subject to control (no discrimination is involved)  Groundnut oil: "  Coconut oil: None Palm oil and palm kernel oil: None Tung oil: Controlled (no discrimination is involved) Vegetable oils other than almond, castor, coconut, linseed, olive, palm and palm kernel: Controlled (no discrimination is involved).			
Revonue and Internal Fiscal Charges	<u>llone</u>			
State Trading and Monopolies	Groundnuts: In Southern and Morthern Rhodesia the Grain Marketing Board is the sole buyer, seller, imported and exporter. In Myasaland the Agricultural Produce and Marketing Board purchases all groundnut produced by Africans in the Protectorate, but has no special privileges as regards imports. The Grain Marketing Board would not import groundnuts until it had disposed of local crops.		The Oilseed Control Board is a sole buyer and seller of groundhuts and sunflower seed. The Board may import, but does not possess exclusive right to do so, and is the sole exporter of these seeds, except for certain varieties of unshelled groundhuts. The Lucern Seed Control Board buys and sells all lucern seed and fixes producer and retail prices. The Board may import, but does not possess an exclusive right to do so.	<u>None</u>
Others	<u>Hone</u>			